## Student Activity Theorem 15

Use in connection with interactive file "Theorem 15" on the Student's CD.


1. Write down the lengths of the following
$|A C|=$ $\qquad$
$|A B|=$ $\qquad$
$|B C|=$ $\qquad$
Using your calculator find, correct to two decimal places
(i) $|A C|^{2}=$ $\qquad$ (ii) $|A B|^{2}=$ $\qquad$ (iii) $|B C|^{2}=$
$\qquad$
Using your calculator find if $|A C|^{2}=|A B|^{2}+|B C|^{2}$ Is this true? $\qquad$
Using this result can you write down the measure of the angle $A B C$.
$|\angle A B C|=$ $\qquad$
2. Drag the point $A$ to a different position.

Now write down the lengths of the following
|AC| $\qquad$
$|A B|$ $\qquad$
|BC| $\qquad$
Using your calculator find, correct to two decimal places
(i) $|\mathrm{AC}|^{2}=$ $\qquad$ (ii) $|A B|^{2}=$ $\qquad$ (iii) $|B C|^{2}=$ $\qquad$

Using your calculator find if $|A C|^{2}=|A B|^{2}+|B C|^{2}$ Is this true? $\qquad$
Using this result can you write down the measure of the angle $A B C$.
$|\angle A B C|=$ $\qquad$
3. Drag the point $A$ to a different position.

Now write down the lengths of the following
|AC| $\qquad$
$|A B|$ $\qquad$
$|B C|$ $\qquad$

Using your calculator find, correct to two decimal places
(i) $|A C|^{2}=$ $\qquad$ (ii) $|A B|^{2}=$ $\qquad$ (iii) $|B C|^{2}=$ $\qquad$ Using your calculator find if $|A C|^{2}=|A B|^{2}+|B C|^{2}$ Is this true? $\qquad$ Using this result can you write down the measure of the angle $A B C$.
$|\angle A B C|=$ $\qquad$
4. From the results in questions 1,2 and 3 what can you conclude.

Conclusion $\qquad$
5. Click on the Tick Box on the interactive file to reveal the wording of this theorem. Did you come to this conclusion? $\qquad$

