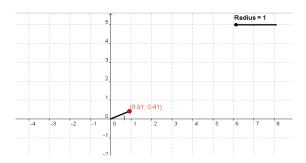


Student Activity on Circles with Centre (0,0) 1

Use in connection with the interactive file "Circles with Centre (0,0) 1" on the Student's CD.

To explore the relationship between the equation of a circle, the circle's radius, and points on the circle. Then draw (some) circles of the form $x^2+y^2=r^2$



The slider called "Step" is used to change the information on the screen.

To start set the slider to "Step = 1"

- The red dot is at a fixed distance of 1 unit from the point (0,0). Drag the red dot.
 What shape is formed?
- 2. Change the radius of the circle to 2 by using the Radius slider. Drag the red dot again. Write down <u>four points</u> on the circle (with whole number coordinates)._____
- 3. Change the radius of the circle to 4 by using the Radius slider. Drag the red dot again. Write down <u>four points</u> on the circle (with whole number coordinates).

4. Move the "Step" slider to 2. Adjust the Radius slider. What do you notice about the equation of the circle as the radius gets bigger?



5.	What do you notice about the equation of the circle as the radius gets smaller?
6.	$(1)^2=1$, $(2)^2=4$, $(3)^2=9$. The numbers 1, 4 and 9 are all square numbers. Write down
the firs	t 10 square numbers
7.	When the radius is 3, what is the equation of the circle?
8.	When the radius is 4, what is the equation of the circle?
9.	When the radius is 5, what is the equation of the circle?
10.	Write down the relationship between the radius of a circle and its equation
11.	A circle with centre (0,0) has a radius of 7. What is its equation?
12.	A circle has centre (0,0) and a radius of 7. Write down 4 points on the circle
13.	Sketch the circle that has centre (0,0) and a radius of 7. Clearly label the points it crosses the x-axis and y-axis
	the "Sten" slider along and complete the questions that are asked



