## Student Activity 5(i)

Plot the following graphs using the same axes and scales where $x \in\{-3,-2,-1,0,1,2,3\}$ (Use the "Table" mode on the calculator and verify the y values you calculate - optional)
(i) How does the graph of $y=x^{3}$ compare with the graph of $y=x^{2}$ ?

| $1 . y=x^{3}$ | $3 \cdot y=2 x^{3}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $2 . y=-x^{3}$ | $4 . y=-2 x^{3}$ |


| $x$ | $y=x^{3}$ | $y=2 x^{3}$ | $y=-x^{3}$ | $y=-2 x^{3}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| -3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| -2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| -1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |


(ii) How many real roots has $f(x)=x^{3}$ ? What are they?
(iii) What is the effect of the coefficient $a$ on the graph of $y=a x^{3}$ ?
(iv) What is the effect of the sign of $a$ on the graph of $y=a x^{3}$ ?
(vi) What transformation maps the graph of $y=x^{3}$ onto the graph of $y=-x^{3}$ ?
(v) For what values of x is the graph of $y=a x^{3}$ increasing?
(vii) What are the turning points i.e. local max and local min of $y=x^{3}$ ?

