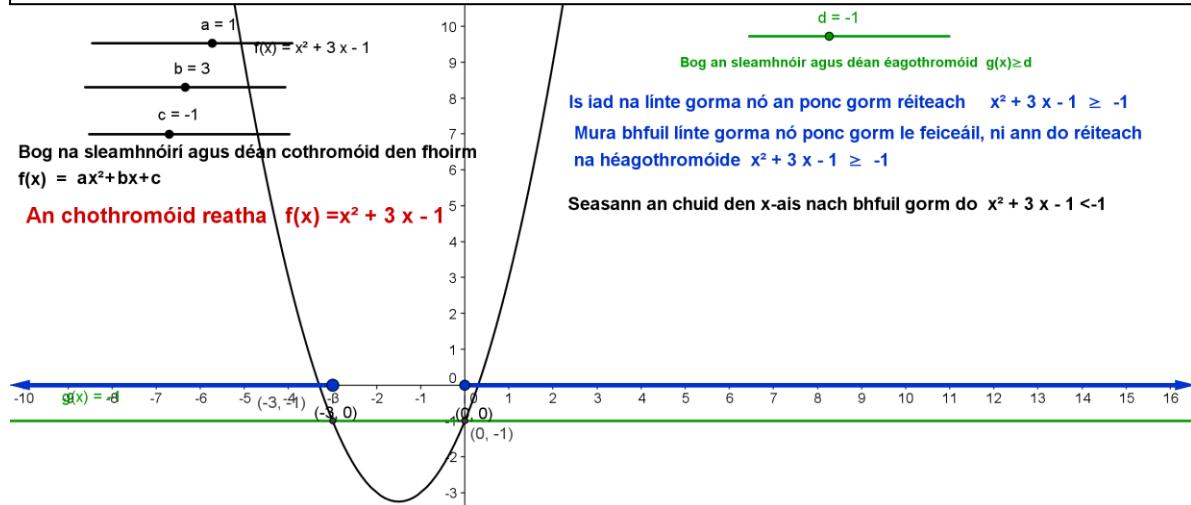


## Gníomhaíocht Daltaí: Éagothromóidí Cearnacha a Iniúchadh

Déan in éineacht leis an gcomhad idirghníomhach, 'Éagothromóidí cearnacha' ar CD an Dalta.

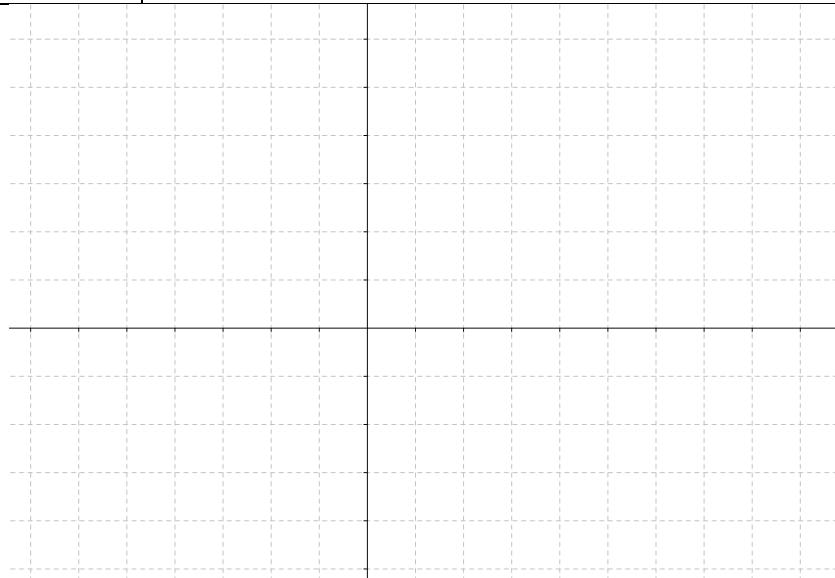
Ag iniúchadh éagothromóidí san fhoirm  $f(x) \leq k$ ,  $f(x) \geq k$ ,  $f(x) < k$  agus  $f(x) > k$ ,

nuair atá  $f(x) = ax^2+bx+c$ .



Líon isteach an tábla thíos agus tarraing an graf de  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 2$ .

x	$f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 2$
-3	
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	
3	



a) Taispeáin ar an ngraf na pointí ag a ngearrann an graf an x-ais, agus liostaigh iad. Cén luach atá ag  $f(x)$  ag gach pointe díobh?

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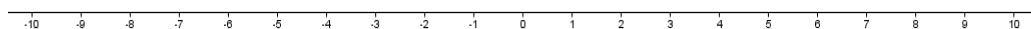
b) Tarraing an líne  $g(x) = 2$ , ar an ngreille chéanna.

c) Taispeáin ar an ngraf na pointí ag a bhfuil  $f(x) = g(x)$ , agus liostaigh iad. An iad sin na pointí a fuair tú do  $x^2+3x+2 = 2$ ? Mínigh.

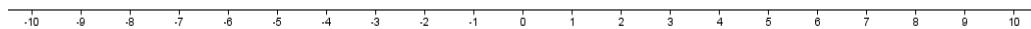
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d) Marcáil ar an uimhirlíne na luachanna atá ar x nuair atá:

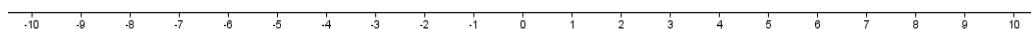
i)  $x^2+3x+2 \geq 2$



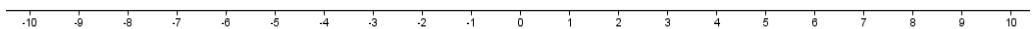
ii)  $x^2+3x+2 < 2$



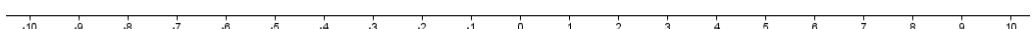
iii)  $x^2+3x+2 \leq 2$



iv)  $x^2+3x+2 > 2$



v)  $x^2+3x+2 = 0$



e) Seiceáil do chuid freagraí leis an gcomhad idirghníomhach.

f) Cén difríocht atá idir réiteach an dá éagothromóid  $f(x) \leq 0$  agus  $f(x) < 0$ , tríd is tríd?

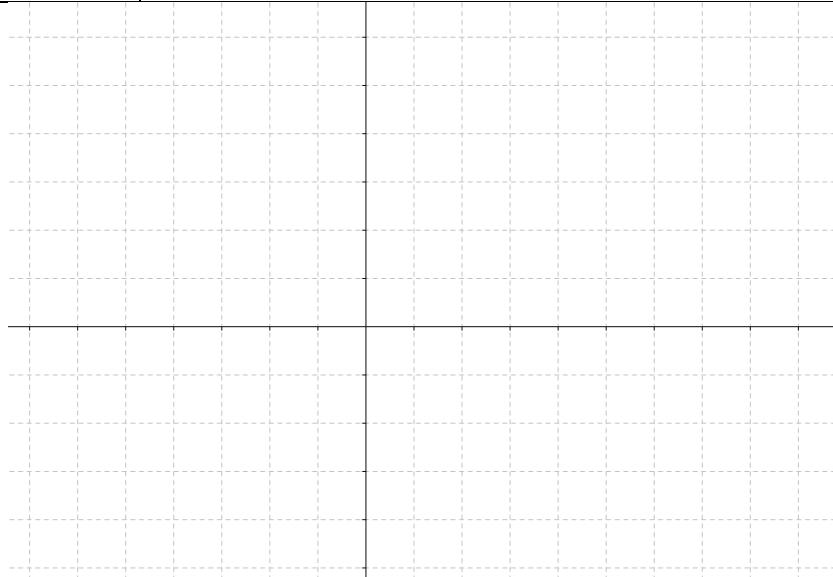
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- 2) Líon isteach an tábla agus tarraing an graf de  $f(x) = -x^2 + 3x + 2$ .

$x$	$f(x) = -x^2 + 3x + 2$
-3	
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	
3	



- a) Marcáil ar an ngraf na pointí ag a ngearrann an graf sin an x-ais, agus liostaigh na pointí. Céard é luach  $f(x)$  ag gach pointe díobh?

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- b) Tarraing, ar an ngreille chéanna, an líne  $g(x) = 1$ .

- c) Marcáil ar an ngraf na pointí ag a bhfuil  $f(x) = g(x)$ . Liostaigh iad. An ionann sin agus an rud a fuair tú i gcás  $x^2 + 3x + 2 = 2$ ? Mínigh do fhreagra.

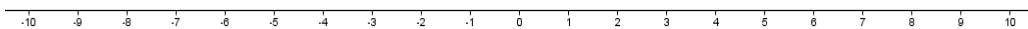
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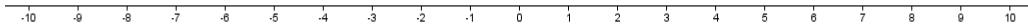
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- d) Marcáil ar an uimhirlíne na luachanna atá ag x nuair atá:

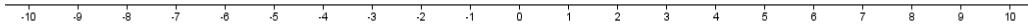
i)  $-x^2 + 3x + 2 \leq 1$



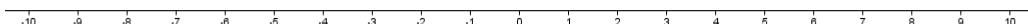
ii)  $-x^2 + 3x + 2 \geq 1$



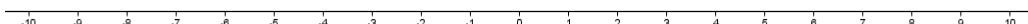
iii)  $-x^2 + 3x + 2 < 1$



iv)  $-x^2 + 3x + 2 > 1$



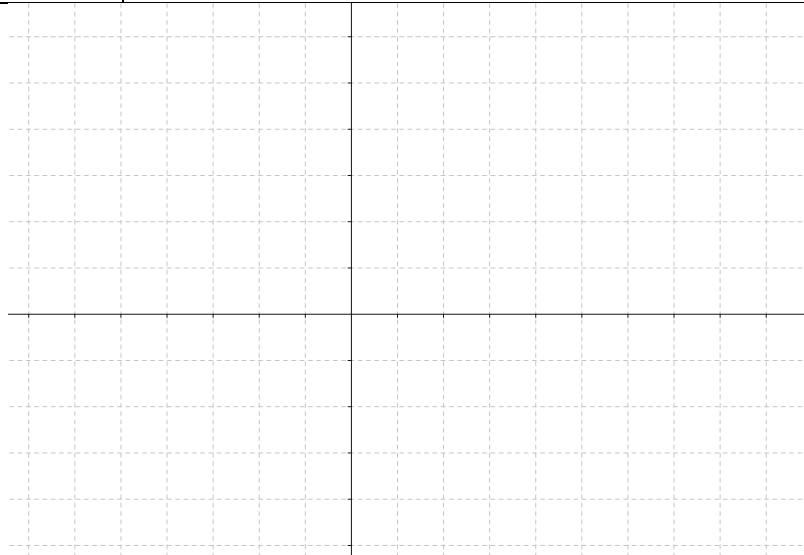
v)  $-x^2 + 3x + 2 = 0$



e) Seiceáil do chuid freagraí leis an gcomhad idirghníomhach.

- 3) Líon isteach an tábla seo agus tarraing an graf de  $f(x) = x + 3 - x^2$ .

$x$	$f(x) = x + 3 - x^2$
-3	
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	
3	

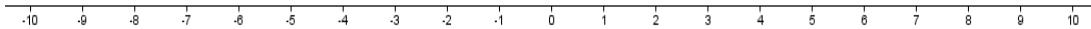


- a) Marcáil ar an ngraf na pointí ag a ngearrann an graf sin an x-ais, agus liostaigh na pointí. Céard é luach  $f(x)$  ag gach pointe díobh?
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- 

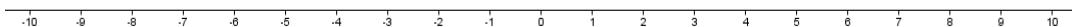
- b) Ar an ngreille chéanna, tarraing an líne  $g(x) = 4$ .
- c) Marcáil ar an ngraf na pointí ag a bhfuil  $f(x) = g(x)$ , agus liostaigh na pointí sin. An ionann iad agus na pointí do  $x + 3 - x^2 = 2$ ? Mínigh do fhreagra.
- 
- 

- d) Léirigh ar an uimhirlíne na x-luachanna nuair atá:

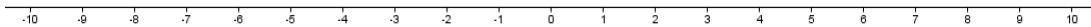
i)  $x + 3 - x^2 \geq 4$



ii)  $x + 3 - x^2 < 4$



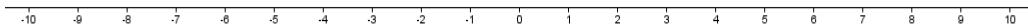
iii)  $x + 3 - x^2 \leq 4$



iv)  $x + 3 - x^2 > 4$

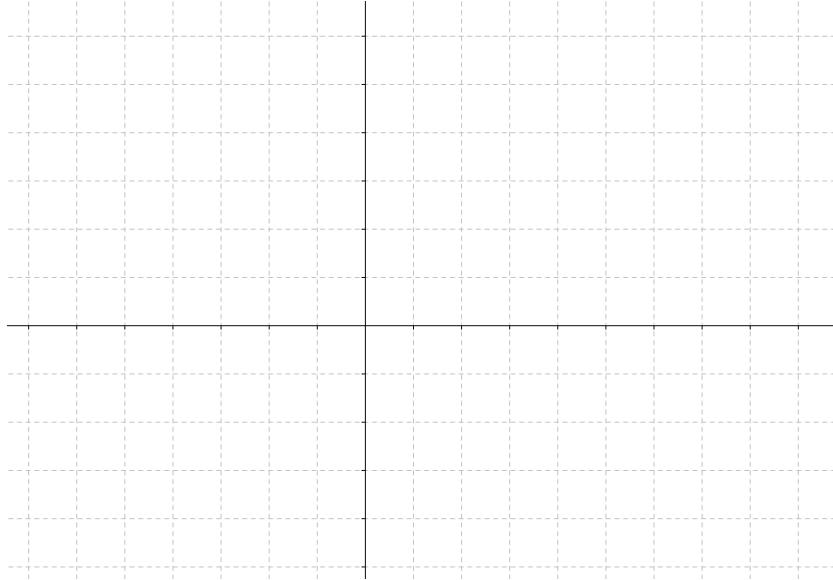


v)  $x + 3 - x^2 = 0$



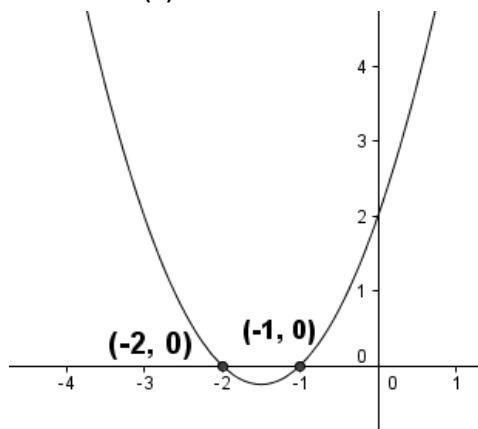
- e) Seiceáil do chuid freagraí leis an gcomhad idirghníomhach.

- 4) Glactar leis go ngearrann  $f(x) = (x + a)(x + b)$  an x-ais ag  $-a$  agus ag  $-b$ : faigh fachtóirí  $x^2 + 5x + 4 = 0$  agus léirigh an éagothromóid  $x^2 + 5x + 4 < 0$  ar ghráf.



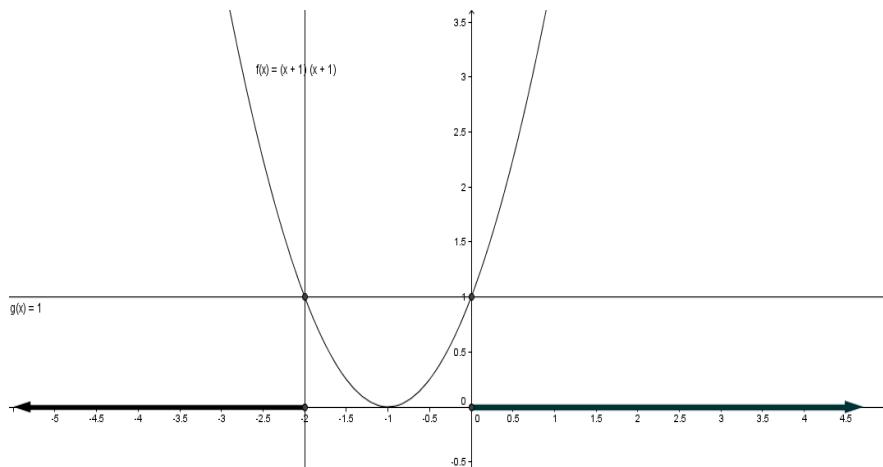
5)

- a) Tabhair cothromóid na feidhme  $f(x)$  atá á léiriú ar an léaráid thíos.

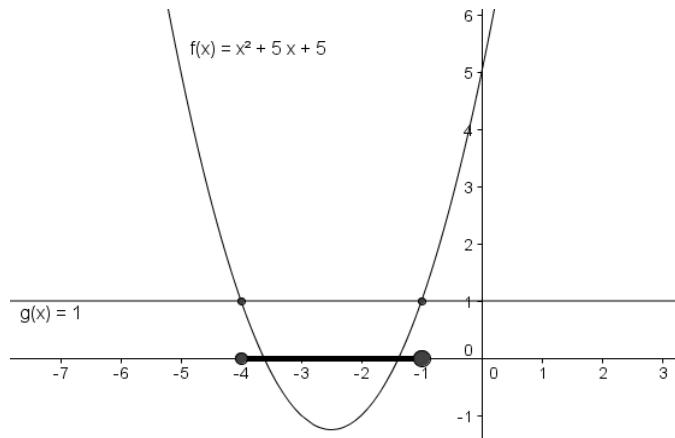


- b) Marcáil ar an ngraf, i ndearg, réiteach na héagothromóide  $f(x) \leq 2$ .
- c) Marcáil ar an ngraf, i ngorm, réiteach na héagothromóide  $f(x) \geq 2$ .
- d) Faigh réiteach na héagothromóide  $f(x) < 2$ . Cén difríocht atá idir é sin agus an réiteach ar cheist b) thus?

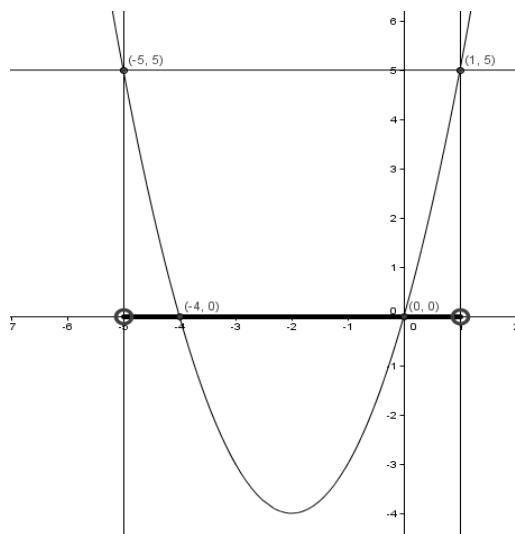
- 6) Cén éagothromóid atá á léiriú le línte troma dubha sa ghraf thíos? Abair i bhfocail é, agus go matamaiticiúil.



- 7) Abair i bhfocail agus scríobh go matamaiticiúil an éagothromóid atá á léiriú leis an líne throm dhubh sa ghraf thíos.

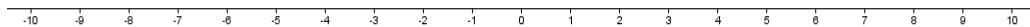


- 8) Abair i bhfocail agus scríobh go matamaiticiúil an éagothromóid atá á léiriú leis an líne throm dhubh sa ghraf thíos.

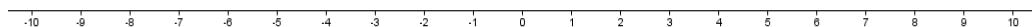


9) Glactar leis go bhfuil  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 8$ . Marcáil ar na huimhirlínte thíos na réimsí sin a shásáíonn na héagothromóidí ar leith.

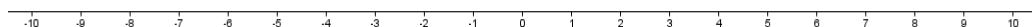
a)  $f(x) \geq 0$



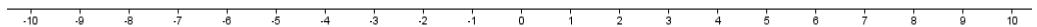
b)  $f(x) \leq 0$



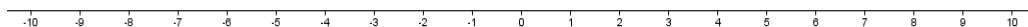
c)  $f(x) < 0$



d)  $f(x) > 0$



e)  $f(x) = 0$



10) Más é  $f(x)$  an fheidhm chearnach atá á léiriú ar an ngraf thíos agus más é  $g(x)$  an líne atá á léiriú ar an ngraf thíos, faigh tacar réitigh  $f(x) \leq g(x)$ .

