# So, you think you've got a problem? 

## (What constitutes a problem?)

## W53.1 - Problem Solving

## WS3.1-Problem Solving

Read through the past papers provided and tick in the boxes below whether, in your opinion, certain questions are procedural or problem solving.

JCOL 2008 Q1 (c) (i)

| Procedural |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Problem Solving |  |

An athletics track has two equal parallel sides [pq] and [sr] and two equal semi-circular ends with diameters [ps] and [qr]. $|\mathrm{pq}|=|\mathrm{sr}|=153$ metres, and $|\mathrm{ps}|=|\mathrm{qr}|-30$ motrac


Taking $\pi$ as 3.14 , calculate the length of one of the semi-circular ends, correct to the nearest metre.

## Feedback on Activity

| Exam | Question | Procedural | Problem <br> solving |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Q1 (c) (i) | $100 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | Q1 (c) (ii) | $82 \%$ | $18 \%$ |
|  | Q1 (c) (iii) | $27 \%$ | $73 \%$ |
| LCOL 1997 | Q2 (c) (i) | $18 \%$ | $82 \%$ |
|  | Q2 (c) (ii) | $0 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
| LCHL 2006 | 5 (c) (i) | $9 \%$ | $91 \%$ |
|  | 5 (c) (ii) | $0 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
| JCHL 2005 | 6 (c) (i) | $0 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
|  | 6 (c) (ii) | $27 \%$ | $73 \%$ |
| PMPCHL SAMPLE 2010 | Q8 (a) | $0 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
|  | Q8 (b) | $0 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
| JCHL 2008 | 4 (c) (i) | $82 \%$ | $18 \%$ |
|  | 4 (c) (ii) | $82 \%$ | $18 \%$ |
|  | 4 (c) (iii) | $55 \%$ | $45 \%$ |
|  | 4 (c) (iv) | $63 \%$ | $37 \%$ |

## JC HL 2008

In a certain week, $x$ people shared equally in a club lotto prize of $€ 2000$.
(i) Write down an expression in $x$ for the amount that each person received.

The following week, $x+1$ people shared equally in the prize of $€ 2000$.
(ii) Write down an expression in x for the amount that each person received that week.

In the second week, each winner received $€ 100$ less.
(iii) Write down an equation in $x$ to represent the above information.
(iv) Solve this equation to find $x$.

## JC HL 2008

## some

In a certain week, ^ people shared equally in a club lotto prize of $€ 2000$.

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Write down an expression in x for the amount that each person received.
    one more person
The following week, \widehat{x}+1 people shared equally in the prize of €2000.
(ii) Write down an expression in x for the amount that each person received that
    week.
In the second week, each winner received \(€ 100\) less.
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(ili)
    How many people shared the prize in the first week?
(iv)
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## Write down an equation in $x$ to represent the above information.

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How many people shared the prize in the first week?

\section*{JC HL 2006}

A farmer must feed bales of hay to his cattle for a total of 90 days. He feeds the cattle 540 bales of hay over a number of days. Their average consumption over this period is \(x\) bales per day.
(i) Write an expression in \(x\) for the number of days taken to consume the 540 bales.

If the average consumption is increased by 1 bale per day, then the cattle consume 300 bales in the remaining days.
(ii) Write an expression in \(x\) for the number of days taken to consume the 300 bales.
(iii) Using the above information, write an equation in \(x\).
(iv) Solve this equation to find the value of \(x\) and the number of days taken to consume the first 540 bales.

\section*{LC HLSample Paper 2010}

Two surveyors want to find the height of an electricity pylon. There is a fence around the pylon that they cannot cross for safety reasons. The ground is inclined at an angle. They have a clinometer (for measuring angles of elevation) and a 100 metre tape measure. They have already used the clinometer to determine that the ground is inclined at \(10^{\circ}\) to the horizontal. (a) Explain how they could find the height of the pylon. Your answer should be illustrated on the diagram below.


Show the points where you think they should take measurements, write down clearly what measurements they should take, and outline briefly how these can be used to find the height of the pylon.


\section*{Pointers from the Tial Report}

This question was not well answered. It appeared that candidates had litte experience of applying their mathematical knowledge in this way. The trigonometry involved was not diffic ult and one would expect it to be well within the compass of moderately good candidates. However, at this stage, the candidates clearly have had litte experience of planning and undertaking field activities or of discussing the practicalities of using trigonometry to solve real problems.

Part (a) (ii) required verbal answers rather than mathematical work. As with other such questions on the paper, for most c a nd id a tes this proved diffic ult

\section*{Ws3.2 - Characteristics of Problem Solving}

WS3.2-List 3 characteristics of questions that are problem solving questions
1. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
2. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
3. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
"Problem solving is solving non routine problems using skills that you have or gain in the solution of a problem which initially seemed unsolvable."

\section*{When you read a sum....}

And you can't initally see your way to the end of the problem,

Just take the first step:
Draw a diagram or wite out what you know......
And trust that the answer will reveal itself to you```

